Worksheet 12.4 Empirical and molecular formula calculations

NAME:

CLASS:

INTRODUCTION

The **empirical formula** of a compound is defined as the simplest whole-number ratio of atoms of different elements in the compound.

The **molecular formula** of a compound is defined as the actual number of atoms of different elements covalently bonded in a molecule, and is a whole-number multiple of the empirical formula.

The **percentage composition** of a compound can be determined from its formula or from experimental mass proportion data.

No.	Question	Answer
1	Titanium oxide, TiO ₂ , is widely used as a pigment in high-quality artists' paints due to its brilliant white colour. Determine the percentage composition of TiO ₂ .	
2	An oxide of sulfur contains 60% oxygen. Determine the empirical formula of the oxide.	
3	A group 1 metal chloride contains 47.6% chlorine. What is the formula of this ionic compound?	
4	Write empirical formulas for each of the following compounds: a CH ₄ b N ₂ H ₄ c C ₂ H ₄ O ₂	

Worksheet 12.4 Empirical and molecular formula calculations

5	A molecule has an empirical formula C ₂ H ₄ O and a relative molecular mass of 88. What is its molecular formula?	
6	0.300 mole of a sample of a hydrocarbon is found to have a mass of 24.6 g. If the empirical formula of the compound is C ₃ H ₅ , determine its molecular formula.	
7	A student is given a 2.486 g sample of a purple crystalline solid. Upon analysis it is found to consist of potassium (0.614 g), manganese (0.863 g) and oxygen (1.006 g). Determine the empirical formula of the compound.	
8	A compound undergoes analysis to establish the following elemental composition:	

Worksheet 12.4 Empirical and molecular formula calculations

NAME:

SOUNS

CLASS:

INTRODUCTION

The **empirical formula** of a compound is defined as the simplest whole-number ratio of atoms of different elements in the compound.

The **molecular formula** of a compound is defined as the actual number of atoms of different elements covalently bonded in a molecule, and is a whole-number multiple of the empirical formula.

The **percentage composition** of a compound can be determined from its formula or from experimental mass proportion data.

No.	Question	Answer
1	Titanium oxide, TiO ₂ , is widely used as a pigment in high-quality artists' paints due to its brilliant white colour. Determine the percentage composition of TiO ₂ .	$T: O_2 = 47.87 + (1642)$ $= 79.87.$ $T: = 59.99_0 0 = 40.19_0$
2	An oxide of sulfur contains 60% oxygen. Determine the empirical formula of the oxide.	203 35+(10x3)
3	A group 1 metal chloride contains 47.6% chlorine. What is the formula of this ionic compound?	kcl = 74.55.
4	Write empirical formulas for each of the following compounds: a CH ₄ b N ₂ H ₄ c C ₂ H ₄ O ₂	CH2O.

Worksheet 12.4

Empirical and molecular formula calculations

5	A molecule has an empirical formula C ₂ H ₄ O and a relative molecular mass of 88. What is its molecular formula?	Cz460 = (1242) + 4+16 = 44 C44802	
6	0.300 mole of a sample of a hydrocarbon is found to have a mass of 24.6 g. If the empirical formula of the compound is C ₃ H ₅ , determine its molecular formula.	C3 12 = X1 (6H'd W 85 V = W 0:3 = 5X'P	
7	A student is given a 2.486 g sample of a purple crystalline solid. Upon analysis it is found to consist of potassium (0.614 g), manganese (0.863 g) and oxygen (1.006 g). Determine the empirical formula of the compound.	0.614 0.863 1.006 39.1 54.94 16 0.0157 0.0157 0.06287 0.0157 0.0157 0.10157	0,
8	A compound undergoes analysis to establish the following elemental composition:	C H O 40 6.67 53,3 12 16 3133 6.67 3133 Y3 19 22 19	
	molecular formulas.	My C10 H200,0 = 500,005. My C2H402 = CN20.	